

VOL. XXXI.

5 O'clock Edition!

CHILI CONFLICT.

Oriental News by the
Gaelic.

PERU'S PRESIDENT PLEASED.

Peruvians Will Compete for
Premiums.

Secretary Settles Guthrie Land
Titles.

Chili Rebellion.

By Cable and Associated Press.
LONDON, June 23.—A dispatch published here to-day from the Chilian government says the rebels have lost all their moral force, and that all action upon their part in the south has ceased. On the other hand, the dispatch states that President Balmaceda is taking active steps to increase the strength of his army, and that loyal war-ships are attacking rebel ports while the rebel squadron avoids fighting. In conclusion, the statement is made that the rebels are prolonging the war solely to enrich themselves with the nitrate deposits of Tarapaca. Nineteen provinces, it is further stated, are under the control of President Balmaceda, these provinces being inhabited by three million people, while the rebel provinces are only inhabited by 150,000 people, one-half of whom are said to be foreigners.

A correspondent at Iquique telegraphs his paper that Balmaceda is likely to have trouble with the British government over the collection from a vessel flying the British flag of duty on nitrate brought into Toropilla. The British minister has made a vigorous protest. What action Balmaceda will take cannot be learned, but probably he will return the money. The correspondent also states it would seem the British government is doing all in its power, without resort to arms, to aid the insurgent cause. He further states that prospects look very gloomy for Balmaceda.

President of Peru.

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, June 23.—A private letter from Peru brings information that Admiral Brown and other officers of the United States naval fleet on the west coast of South America paid an official visit to the President of Peru on the 5th day of May and were received by him with great cordiality. The President expressed great interest in the Chicago exposition and said although the country was very poor, they all realized the importance of being well represented at the exposition, and should make the finest display of the means of the government would permit.

The Secretary of the Navy, under authority conferred by the naval appropriation bill for the naval militia, has issued the following regulations: Upon receipt of a return from the Governor of any State of the number of men actually mustered in and serving in the naval militia of said State on the 1st day of July, 1891, the Secretary of the Navy will allot to the State, making the return from the general appropriation for the naval militia, a sum equal to twelve dollars per head for each officer and man so returned.

Veta Grande Mine.

By Associated Press.
CITY OF MEXICO, June 23.—The Veta Grande mine at Parral, which broke its pumps a year ago and flooded the mine to the fourth level, is now putting in new pumps and other machinery at an expenditure of \$60,000, preparatory to draining the mine. This mine has been worked for 200 years, producing millions. The average yearly output before the mine was flooded was 24,000 tons of 30 to 40 ounces milling ore. Several mines adjoining have been sold to American companies.

Cash Balance.

By Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, June 23.—A statement prepared in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury giving operations to date shows a net balance in the Treasury of \$4,785,000.

Barnaby Will Contest.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.), June 23.—The contestants of the second Barnaby will ask for a continuance of probation until September. The request was granted.

China News.

By Associated Press.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—The steamship Gaelic arrived this morning from Hongkong and Yokohama.

The North China Daily News, in its account on May 18th of the Wuhan riots, says it has been reported for several days that a mob of Chinese had determined to loot and burn the property of the Jesuits at Wuhan, owing to the rumor that a number of Chinese children had been killed and their eyes taken out to make medicine for the Jesuit fathers. On the afternoon of Tuesday, May 12th, a mob of Chinese gathered about the premises of the fathers and broke through the walls, eventually setting fire to the cathedral and other buildings after driving the missionaries out and pillaging the place. The mob then proceeded to the English Consulate and destroyed considerable property by throwing stones. The arrival of the Taotai and the coolies of the British Consul alone saved the buildings from being set on fire. The Consul and wife escaped the mob by dressing in Chinese costume and hurrying to the Custom House, and embarked with other foreign residents on the China Navigation Company's receiving ship. A number of foreigners, headed by the English Consul, armed themselves and passed the night at the Customs House and assisted by the Taotai repelled the mob, who twice during the night, made an attempt to loot and set on fire the Custom House and residences of the foreign officials. The next morning an immense crowd again set fire to the Custom House and surrounding buildings, but the Custom's staff fully armed, charged the natives and again put out the fires.

In the afternoon three Chinese gun boats, which were escorting Shen Ping Cheng, Governor of Anhui, up the river arrived on the scene and learning of the riot began to fire blank cartridges, which had the effect of frightening the mob. Some two hundred soldiers arrived from Taiping Tu, and these lent additional protection to the foreign residents. The mob did not make any demonstrations against the Methodist Episcopal (American) Mission, but advised by the British Consul, the Missionaries from that point also embarked on the Tehsing which brought them, together with the ladies and children of Wohu, to Shanghai. At Chianking the priests who escaped from Wohu in a boat were picked up. The News says there was only one British man-of-war on the north China station at the time of the riot and this one, the gunboat Linnet, was near Wusung, but was sent for and proceeded to Wuhu. On the 16th of May, four days after the Wuhan riots, the natives of Nganking made an attack on the Catholic mission there. Rumors had reached them that Taotai of Wuhan had forwarded a dispatch to the authorities declaring the alleged deeds of the missionaries were true. The priests succeeded in keeping the mob off and one of the assailants was arrested and punished. The Catholic mission was not the only one attacked, for a crowd equally as large made a descent on the inland mission near the north gate, but the Chinese authorities arrived in time to prevent any serious damage. The crowd lingered about the missions during the next two days and native women came to the Orphanage to reclaim their children, who had been left there.

The French man-of-war Inconstant, at Wuhu, was sent for and arrived on the 18th. Captain De Jonquiers informed the Governor of Nganking that if the rioters didn't obey the mandates of the magistrate he would not hesitate to take strong measures. The Governor responded that order would be maintained. On May 19th the German gunboat Iris arrived and Captain Asher lent his influence to secure protection for the missionaries. Placards, however, had been posted by the rioters at last advices, announcing that the mission buildings would be totally destroyed on Friday, May 22. Placards have also been posted in the French quarters of Shanghai threatening foreigners.

It was reported H. M. S. Swift had arrived at Chianking.

News has been received at Hong Kong of the wreck of the steamship Albany, Captain Hood in Japanese waters. The vessel left Hong Kong for New York May 20th.

Island News.

Special to the GAZETTE.
SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—The steamship Zelandia arrived today from Honolulu.

Queen Liliuokalani returned June 13th to Honolulu from her tour of the islands. She was absent from the capital a little over a month, and met with enthusiastic receptions from her subjects in all parts of the Kingdom visited.

The empty portion of the crater of the volcano Kilanea is now not over four hundred feet deep, and the whole crater is reported to be daily undergoing transformation.

Prince George of Greece.

Special to the GAZETTE.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—Prince George of Greece, who was so instrumental in saving the life of the Russian Prince Imperial from the attack of the Japanese policemen at Yokohama, arrived to-day on the Gaelic, having left the Czarowitz at Vladivostok.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, TUESDAY, JUNE 23, 1891.

No. 72

Guthrie Titles.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The Secretary has rendered a decision in the case of the town site of East Guthrie, North Guthrie, and Capital Hill, Oklahoma, against Veeder B. Paine and other agricultural claimants. The Secretary affirms the decision of the Commissioner, rejecting the claim of the town site of North Guthrie and directs that a hearing be had to determine the rights of the respective agricultural claimants entries, made by those who entered the Territory prior to the time fixed by the proclamation for opening the land to settlement. As to the claims of Veeder B. Paine and Zenophon Fitzgerald, the Secretary finds their Homestead Entries were not made in good faith, but on the contrary, having knowledge that the town site would be located at a certain point, entered the tract with a view of speculating in town lots. Although they were on the ground a few minutes prior to the arrival of the town site claimants their motives were taken into consideration and the land awarded to the town site people, thus reversing the decision of the Commissioner of the general Land Office, application of the Mayor and others to enter the west half of Section 9 as a town site. East Guthrie rejected on the ground that the application was made in the interest of men, many of whom violated the law in entering the Territory prior to the date fixed by the President in his proclamation.

Bardsley's Sentence Postponed.

By Associated Press.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—John Bardsley, ex-City Treasurer, who several days ago pleaded guilty to embezzlement of public funds, was brought in court for sentence to-day, but on motion of the District Attorney, sentence was postponed indefinitely. The District Attorney opened the proceedings by stating that he wished to call some witnesses so the Court could get some information on which to pass sentence.

An expert accountant testified that Bardsley, in his two years and a half incumbency of the office of City Treasurer, received \$200,000 in interest on public funds; that Bardsley used \$500,000 in speculation and had loaned \$600,000 to one banker and \$200,000 to another. He also loaned \$400,000 to the Bradford Mills Company, of which he was owner. Bardsley also sold and converted to his own use \$57,000 worth of government bonds he held for the city, but this money was subsequently returned. He found that Bardsley's stock operations cost him in the neighborhood of \$100,000.

A joint Commission such as that of '71, proposed by Lord Stanley to deal with the question at issue and prepare a treaty respecting the renewal of the reciprocity treaty of '54, with modifications and reconstructions of the treaty of '88. With respect to the Atlantic fisheries, with the aim of securing free admission into the United States market of Canadian fishery products, in return for facilities to be granted the United States fishermen to buy bait and supplies, and to transport their cargoes in Canada, all such privileges to be mutual; the protection of mackerel and other fishes on the Atlantic ocean and in inland waters also; relaxation of the seaboard coasting laws of the two countries, and of the coasting laws of the inland water dividing Canada from the United States; mutual salvage and saving of wrecked vessels, and arrangements for settling boundaries between Canada.

Blaine replied, that to endeavor to obtain the appointment of a formal commission to arrive at a reciprocity treaty would be useless, but that the United States government was willing to discuss the question in private with Pauncefote and one or more delegates from Canada and to consider every subject as to which there was hope for agreement on the ground of mutual interest and not to risk a grave step, until by private discussion, he had satisfied himself that good ground existed for expecting an agreement by means of a commission. He added he would be prepared to enter into private negotiations at any time after March 4th.

The next was a dispatch from Pauncefote to Lord Stanley, under date of January 13th, '91, and encloses the draft of a convention between the governments of the United States and Newfoundland, which was submitted to him by Blaine. Provisions of this proposed treaty were made public since and have been discussed in the newspapers.

Immigration Commission.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—It was generally supposed that a full court decided the celebrated Andover case. It is now learned that the court has not acted upon the various questions in the controversy, and the case may possibly be reargued. In any event, a decision by a full bench will not be reached for a year at least.

Andover Case.

By Associated Press.

SAFETY RAILROAD WATCHES.

ALLEN C. BRAGG,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

TENS OF ADVERTISING.

DAILY, SIX SQUARES FOR ONE MONTH,
WEEKLY, ONE SQUARE FOR ONE MONTH,
CARDS OF THANKS, MEMORIAL RESOLUTIONS
AND OBITUARY NOTICES WILL HEREAFTER BE CHARGED
FOR AT THE RATE OF TEN CENTS PER LINE.

RAINS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY, ONE YEAR (BY MAIL)
WEEKLY, ONE YEAR (BY MAIL)
DAILY, DELIVERED BY CARRIER TO ANY PART OF
RENO (PER WEEK)
25

TUESDAY JUNE 23, 1891

5 O'CLOCK EDITION

Distributing the Surplus.

The Alta gives the Democrats something to think and talk about in the following editorial: It appears that the Administration has distributed the greater part of the surplus which Mr. Cleveland regarded with such terror when he sent his famous free-trade message to Congress. A great deal of this surplus has been used in payment of public debts, a considerable sum in payment of pensions, a smaller amount in building ships and casting big guns, several millions in returning to States moneys advanced during the war, with minor expenditures for various matters, some of which might have been postponed. For example, there was no absolute need that the government should at the last session appropriate money to meet claims that had been "stood off" by the last fifteen Administrations.

But as there was a surplus in the Treasury it was distributed where it was thought it would do the most good. The Democrats are not so well pleased at the distribution of the surplus as they expected they would be. During the latter part of Cleveland's Administration the surplus was regarded with considerable apprehension. The Republicans had a right, therefore, to expect Democratic commendation of a policy which distributed the surplus with neatness and dispatch and without injury to the country, and are somewhat surprised at the tone Democratic journals take in commenting upon the success of the Harrison Administration in doing what the Cleveland Administration could see no way to do. In these Democratic comments we do not find much complaint about the manner of distribution except as respects pensions. Paying money out to old soldiers seems to our Democratic friends sheer waste. Taking a long view of the financial situation there does not seem much cause for alarm. The Government will manage in one way or another to make ends meet. It will not be called upon to make such large payments on account of the public debt for some years to come as in the year just past. The interest account is reduced to about \$32,000,000, and in the absence of new legislation the money required for pensions will grow less with each year. There is no occasion for a panic. The Democrats will do well not to depend too much upon a financial crisis to carry them over the next election.

THE MEXICAN ARMY.

Why the Strict Enforcement of Discipline Is Necessary.

ITS BANKS CONTAIN MANY CRIMINALS, WHO ARE SUMMARILY DEALT WITH IN CASE OF INSUBORDINATION—A MILITARY PENAL INSTITUTION.

The discipline of the Mexican army is not tempered with mercy. The dispatch from Juarez which stated that four Mexican soldiers who had taken part in a mutiny would be shot the next morning occasioned no surprise to people who know how summarily the Mexican government deals with cases of that sort. A mutinous soldier stands very little chance of his life if the commanding officer thinks he ought to be shot.

Although this rigid enforcement of discipline may seem harsh to Americans, it is, says the Denver Republican, in probably a majority of cases, necessary in Mexico. The Mexican army is composed chiefly of Indians. Indeed, by far the greatest part of the Mexican population is either of pure Indian blood or of Indian blood mixed with that of some other race. There are very few full-blooded whites in Mexico. Soldiers like those which compose nearly the whole of the Mexican army have to be dealt with very rigidly in order to maintain discipline.

The Mexican army is a kind of penal institution in that a great many criminals who are not shot are forced into the army. It was in this way that brigandage was stopped in that country. The leaders of the brigands were given offices in the army and their men were forced into the ranks. Although this broke up the lawless bands, it introduced a very dangerous element into the army, which can be held in check only by the most rigid methods.

In Italy and Russia the army is looked upon as a kind of school for men of the lower class. They are taught obedience, and a national spirit is developed in them by their connection with the military arm of the government. They are withdrawn from local associations which might weaken their attachment to the government, and they are taught to look up to the authority of the nation as their guide. The maintenance of an army or such a purpose as this would be wholly contrary to good policy in a highly civilized country. But in Russia and Italy it serves a good purpose, and what is true of those countries is, particularly, true of Mexico.

The Mexican army amounts to about thirty-one thousand officers and men. It is completely under the command of President Diaz, who can use it as he pleases for the maintenance of his authority and the preservation of order. If it were not for the army Mexico would probably break out in a revolution in a very short time, because there is a strong element of opposition to Diaz among the people.

An arbitrary government is better than no government at all, and although the government of Diaz is very much like a military despotism it is the best government that Mexico ever had. It is stable; and if he and his successors shall maintain a government of this sort for the next twenty-five years, Mexico will by the end of that time have advanced so far that the people will be able to appreciate liberty in something like the American understanding of the term. But this would be impossible without the aid of the army. Indeed, it would be better to raise the army to one hundred thousand men rather than reduce it to a force too small to hold the revolutionists and the lawless characters generally in subjection.

WOMEN AS FUR BUYERS.

AS A RULE THEY HAVE BUT A LIMITED KNOWLEDGE OF THE GOODS.

Very few women have any practical knowledge of furs, declares the Brooklyn Eagle. The buying and selling of skins have been principally the business of shrewd, sharp men, but in one of Brooklyn's stores there is a young woman who can tell you at once the quality of the skin in question. She has much practical knowledge of the goods she handles and it very often happens that customers ask for her, feeling great confidence in what she tells them. This girl not only took the prize for having sold the largest number of garments through the holidays, but has also just taken a very large order, perhaps the largest single order ever taken in Brooklyn or possibly New York. Moreover, the garment is for a Brooklyn woman, to be of cloth lined with silver tipped Russian sable, the linings alone to cost one thousand four hundred and eighty dollars. It is to be worn next winter. It is a well-known fact that the price of furs is continually on the increase. A buyer of skins says that he has just paid fifteen thousand dollars for the same number of skins which last year at the same time cost the firm only eight thousand dollars. At this rate furs will soon be a great luxury. They are not so extravagant, however, as it at first appears, for often linings or sets, well kept, are handed down as heirlooms through several generations. A woman who took her grandmother's two sets of mink—tipper, muf and cuffs—and made them into a fancy floor mat, was inclined to regret the proceeding when told the first of the winter mink was to be fashionable; but mink as a wearing fur has not been a success. The furs look quite as well made into a hearth rug as they would have done made over into a cape.

A HARDY DOG.

The Genoa (Cal.) Courier tells this story: "A few weeks ago a snowslide occurred near the site of the old Bemis mill in Alpine county, in which a woodman lost his life. A dog was missing, and a few days ago while one of the woodmen was digging out some of his lost goods he found a dog sitting on his haunches in a hole just large enough for his body, under six feet of solid snow. After fifteen days of imprisonment, without food or water, the little dog came out all right."

A woman was worn by a London bride had a rich white silk robe lined, bordered with white ostrich feathers, and opened over a beautiful white velvet skirt richly embroidered with pearls. One-half of the bodice front was of white silk; the other of velvet draped with crepe de Chine. The tulle veil was held in place by three diamond stars.

The White Pine News of Ely of the 20th inst. says:

Last Sunday the god of the storm turned loose here in fine style. It rained, sleeted and snowed the whole long day, and when night drew his shadowy mantle o'er hill and vale, more than an inch of sleet and snow covered the ground, making it hard to realize that it was the middle of June and not the middle of January.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STEADY PROGRESS

Has characterized Hood's Sarsaparilla ever since it was placed before the public. Whenever introduced, its sales have grown from year to year, until now it is the most popular and most successful medicine offered. Any druggist will confirm this statement. The secret of this success lies in the fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a medicine of merit. It does actually accomplish all that is claimed for it, and when given a fair trial, is reasonably certain to be of benefit.

POSITIVE STATEMENTS.

"Since Hood's Sarsaparilla has been in my hands for sale I have had frequent and unreserved testimonials in its favor. Although carrying this preparation for less than one year, my sales have been greater than of any similar preparation, and the testimonials in its favor are at once positive and reasonably noticeable." A. WRIGHT, Healdsburg, Cal.

SELLS ON ITS MERITS.

"My boys say, 'Papa, why don't you buy more of Hood's Sarsaparilla at a time? we are always short.' It sells on its own merits." F. BEAL, Portland, Oregon; the oldest druggist in Oregon.

N. B. Be sure to get only

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Sold by druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 DOSES ONE DOLLAR



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cures the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, its many excellent qualities commend it to all. It is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAFETY, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, NEW YORK, N.Y.

CON STIPATION

Affects half the American people yet there is only one preparation of Sarsaparilla that acts on the bowels and reaches this important trouble, and that is Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. It relieves it in 24 hours, and an occasional dose prevents return. We refer by permission to C. E. Elkhorn, 120 Locust Avenue, San Francisco; J. H. Brown, Petaluma; H. S. Wren, Geary Court, San Francisco, and hundreds of others who have used it in constipation. One letter is a sample of hundreds. Elkhorn writes: "I have been for years subject to bilious headaches and constipation. Have been so bad for a year half had to take a physic every other night or else I would have a headache. After taking one bottle of J. V. S., I am in splendid shape. It has done wonderful things for me."

JOY'S VEGETABLE SARSAPARILLA

Most modern, most effective, largest bottle same price, \$1.00, six for \$5.00.

For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson, Reno.

G. W. LARCOMBE, E. B. COFFIN

COFFIN & LARCOMBE,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, TROPICAL FRUITS,

VEGETABLES, ETC.

FRESH FISH.

SIERRA ST., North Side R. R.

RENO, NEVADA.

M. NOVACOVICH.

H. J. BERR

BERRY & NOVACOVICH,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

GROCERIES, ETC.

Vegetables, Fish and Oysters

In season.

FRUITS OF ALL KINDS.

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Crockery.

We carry a fine assortment of FANCY GROCERIES.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

A HARDY DOG.

The Genoa (Cal.) Courier tells this story: "A few weeks ago a snowslide occurred near the site of the old Bemis mill in Alpine county, in which a woodman lost his life. A dog was missing, and a few days ago while one of the woodmen was digging out some of his lost goods he found a dog sitting on his haunches in a hole just large enough for his body, under six feet of solid snow. After fifteen days of imprisonment, without food or water, the little dog came out all right."

A. ALFRED NELSON,

Dealer in Imported and Domestic

CIGARS & TOBACCO

A's General Assortment of Hats, Gloves and Men's Underwear, and a large and well selected line of

CUTLERY AND NOTIONS.

Virginia St., Reno, Nevada. A marble side walk marks the store. jefst

GEO. M. ENSLIN,

PRACTICAL

CARRIAGE, SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTER

All Work Guaranteed.

Shop above T. K. Hymers' Livery Stable, Reno, Nevada. jefst

A. H. MANNING,

DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF HARDWARE,

Plows,

Harrows,

FARM WAGONS,

Header Gears, Carts, Road Scrapers,

Seed Drills, Mowers Reapers 1 & 2 Horse Power Rakes

Manufacturer of Tinware.

Plumbing and Gasfitting at the Lowest Price

PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES,

Agency Mound City Prepared Paint—guaranteed pure

W. O. H. MARTIN,

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada,

. DEALER IN

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE & CROCKERY

OF ALL KINDS.

I also carry a very Extensive Stock of

Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire, Steel Cumberland

Coal, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

All Kinds of Agricultural Implements a Specialty.

1868. 1891.

PIONEER CLOTHING STORE,

M. NATHAN, Proprietor.

MINE IS NOT ONLY THE LOWEST PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE, but the

headquarters for

Gentlemen's, Boys', and Children's Summer Suits,

HATS, UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.

A full line of Trunks, Valises, Boots and Shoes. I have the best selected line of Gloves & Neckwear in Reno. Negligee & Black Silk Overals in latest styles.

TO KNOW A STORE, TRY IN; TEST IT!

For honest bargains and good reliable clothing, go to

the well-known and strictly one price clothing house of

C. GULLING, President.

W. S. BENDER, Vice-President.

WM. HENRY, Secretary.

Country Orders will Receive Prompt Attention. (je8tf) Virginia St., Reno.

E. NOWOTTY,

Beef, Pork, Mutton,

Veal, Lamb.

Ham and Lard of the Best Quality.

SAUSAGES

OF ALL KINDS.

Shop Next to Coffin & Larcombe's. (je8tf) Sierra St., Reno, Nev.

WIELAND'S LAGER!

ADOLF BAIL,

Sole Agent for the State of Nevada for the sale of the John Wieland Brewing Company's celebrated pure and

GENUINE LAGER BEER.

Headquarters and Bottling House at Reno, Nev.

Favorable terms given to the wholesale trade, and all orders for

general and family use promptly filled and attended to.

mr1tf

PALACE BAKERY,

EAST SIDE VIRGINIA STREET.

FRESH WHOLESALE BREAD, CAKES & PIES

CONSTANTLY ON HAND—

Tuesday, June 23, 1891

TIME TABLES.

The following tables give the time of arrival and departure of passenger trains at Reno.

ARRIVE.	TRAINS—C. P.	LEAVE.
11:10 a. m.	No. 1, Eastbound Ex. 1:20 p. m.	
12:10 a. m.	No. 2, Eastbound Ex. 1:20 a. m.	
4:25 p. m.	No. 2, Westbound Ex. 4:35 p. m.	
11:20 p. m.	No. 4, Westbound Ex. 11:50 p. m.	
V. & T.		
9:05 a. m.	No. 1, Northern Ex. 9:30 a. m.	
11:45 a. m.	No. 2, S. F. Express 1:45 p. m.	
12:45 a. m.	No. 3, Local Passenger 4:45 p. m.	
12:45 p. m.	No. 4, Local Passenger 4:45 p. m.	
	Express and Freight—9:45 a. m.	
	3:45 p. m. Express and Freight.	

Time of Arrival and Departure of Trains at Reno.

MAIL FOR	CLOSES	ARRIVES
A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	
San Francisco and Sacramento (through Ranchos, etc.)	4:00	10:10
San Joaquin and intermediate points.	8:30	9:10
Ogden, all eastern points	8:30	11:45
V. & T. and all southern points.	8:30	9:05
Spokane and all points north.	12:00	11:30
Buffalo Meadows, Sheep Ranch, every Monday.	12:00	11:30
(Arrives Saturday.)		

NOTTINGS.

A Dog's Consolation—I may be "yaller," but I covered with fleas, but my pants, thank the Lord, don't bag at the knees. Wood, coal and ice for sale by J. F. Aitken.

Little Johnson Jones says that it is with his father when it comes to making a rousing speech at 7 o'clock in the morning. Rousing early is the motto of C. A. Thurston's news depot.

Hunks—I wonder that your son should be such a spendthrift. Closed—I can't understand it either. Send that boy away to spend the summer, and it wouldn't take him over a week. Hot lunch daily at Jake Becker's.

A man in St. Louis makes a living by writing lame stories for me to use for advertising purposes. This is a shell game with mock turtle for a basis. Mock turtle soup at the Riverside hotel, and nice relishes with every meal.

The Philadelphia girl (who has an opportunity)—What would you do if you could marry a nobleman? The Chicago girl (who knows how to take advantage of an opportunity)—I'd put him in a dime museum and make some money out of him. Spectacles and eyeglasses a specialty at Richard Herz's.

Good Cooking.

One of the chief blessings of every home. To always have clean, comfortable saucers, etc., use Gall. Beeton's "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on the label. Sold by your grocer and druggist.

Pronounced Hopeless, Yet Saved.

From a letter written by Mrs. Ada E. Hurd of Groton, S. D., we quote: "Was taken with a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four doctors gave me up saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Saviour, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My Husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles; it has cured me and I thank God I am now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at W. Finner's drugstore, regular size 50 c. and \$1.

Good Looks.

Good Looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach is disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidneys be effected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and Tonic acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at Wm. Finner's drugstore, 50 c. per bottle.

Well Merited Praise.
In almost every neighborhood there is some one or more persons whose lives have been saved by Chamberlain's Coll. Oats, Corn and Diarrhoea. Remedy or cure have been cured of chronic diarrhea by it. Such persons take special pleasure in recommending it to others. The praise that follows is well deserved and the maker makes it very popular. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by J. B. McCullough.

A Sure Cure for Piles.
Itching Piles are known by moisture, like pruritus, causing them to when warm. This form, as well as bilious, bleeding and protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile remedy, which acts directly on the piles, and is absolutely safe, leaves nothing and effects a permanent cure, too. Druggists or mail, treatment free. Dr. Bosanko, Plaqu, O. Sold by S. J. Hodgkinson. ap 1891

Buckwheat's Africa Salve.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, ulcers, salt rashes, sores, rashes, hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions and pox. Cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. 14c or 25c cents per box. For by Wm. Plaicker.

Baby cried,
Mother sighed,
Doctor prescribed : Castoria!

For Over Fifty Years
Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, and the gruel always all pain, cures the cold, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle, Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee to you. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is guaranteed to you. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

CATARACH CURED, health and sweet breath restored by Shiloh's Catarach Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Inhaler free. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Powd. Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

SHILOH'S VITALIZER is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 to 15 cents per bottle. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

CRUOP, WHOOPING COUGH and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

Northern News.
The Alturas New Era contains the following:

J. M. Fulton, Master of Transportation, is here making the acquaintance of our merchants, and told them they could ship all the wheat they wanted to Ames and get \$1.50 per 100 bushels. He says that he is satisfied that this country will have a railroad before long, and expressed himself highly pleased with our resources and surroundings.

THE LAST.

Thesis of Miss Carrie Belknap of Carson on Hawthorne.

Perhaps I can in no better way, show you the delicate play of fancy and the keen imagination of this author, than in quoting to you a passage from a letter to his sweetheart: "I always feel as if your letters were too sacred to be read in the midst of people, and (you will smile) I never read them without first washing my hands."

The sentiment of reverence was very highly developed in Nathaniel Hawthorne. His ideas were the loftiest and purest. He never stooped from this loftiness in the most trivial household duties any more than in public places. His forefathers for ages back had been mariners. They were good, earnest men, rather distinguished for their sternness. His mother was of a gentle, lovable disposition, and from this came one great genius. He inherited the Puritan sternness but none of their superstition. When a small child, he was fond of taking long walks alone. He would wander over hills untroubled by other feet, until he had worn a deep path. He preferred the bright waters and quiet nooks of the lake to its busy harbor. Even as a child he was a great reader. His favorite authors seem to have been Shakespeare, Milton, Pope and Thompson. Frequently he would go about murmuring quotations; the one that passed his lips often than any other, being from Shakespeare's Richard III—"My lord, stand back and let the coffin pass." While at college he was an excellent classical student, and wrote several English poems that were creditable to him.

He was undecided about the profession he was to adopt, and in one of his letters to his mother said, "I don't want to be a doctor and live by men's diseases; nor a minister, to live by their sins; nor a lawyer, and live by their quarrels. So I don't see that there is anything left for me, but to be an author."

After his graduation he returned to Salem and led a life of isolation. His mornings were devoted to study; his evenings to writing, and his evenings to walking. He was scarcely known by sight to his townsmen, and he held so little communication with the members of his family, that his meals were frequently left at his door. He wrote a great deal, but many of his manuscripts were destroyed because his taste was so difficult to please.

In 1842, Hawthorne married Miss Sophia Peabody. He had been in love with her several years before their marriage, but she had been an invalid for a great while, and said that she never could marry until she had been cured of the dreadful headaches with which she was afflicted. Love seems to have been the physician that overcame this trouble.

A man's life is frequently influenced by the conduct and character of his wife, which, we find, was the case with Hawthorne.

Mrs. Hawthorne was a woman of fine understanding and great culture. She possessed gentle humor and sunniness of disposition. She was like her husband in many respects. Her sentiments were always of the loftiest nature. Hawthorne stood rather in awe of her; yet he says "awe" is not the word, for that would imply sternness; it was a feeling that couldn't be expressed. Without her influence, Hawthorne never could have been the man he was.

The works of Hawthorne are beautiful and sublime. They are clothed in deep mystery—sort of a haze that cannot be penetrated. His coloring is all done with sombre hues. He chooses these as those that best portray the mysteries of this human life.

"The Scarlet Letter" is considered his masterpiece. It has been spoken of as "the most sublime book of the most original genius ever born in America." The theme of this romance is founded upon the nature and consequences of unfaithfulness.

Little Pearl is taken from the character of his daughter Una, whose character he considered almost supernatural—sometimes angelic, sometimes ethereal, good and evil were so strangely mingled in her nature. At times she was so wild and unreasoning; at others so wise; she was alternately hard and sympathetic. Pearl was natural, yet unlike any other child.

"The Scarlet Letter" will be read, enjoyed and admired as long as the English language continues to exist. Nearly all of Hawthorne's characters are taken from real life. "The Marble Faun" was sketched during his residence in Italy. Hilda seems to be the personification of goodness. It is said she possesses many of Mrs. Hawthorne's traits. The latter, however, has much the broader nature of the two; Hilda lacks many of the happier characteristics of Mrs. Hawthorne. Miriam is taken from a beautiful actress whom Hawthorne saw at the mall.

Septimus Felton is one of his minor works. It was not published until after his death. Then his daughter Una and Robert Browning gathered together the manuscript, and published it just as it was.

In many places he had inclosed certain passages for the purpose of remodeling them. Several pages had been lost and this made the sense rather disconnected. It is a good illustration of Hawthorne's peculiarities of style and the manner in which he composed his works.

The "House of Seven Gables" is one of his best productions. It was written in about five months and indicates close application. Phoebe is a bright, happy little personage, and into the Pyncheon house brought a flood of sunshine.

Hawthorne has a curious power of man. He is a real student of human nature. His characters show careful development; he creates rather than manufacture. Day by day they disclose themselves to us, as do our friends—their good and bad qualities are not to be judged as soon as the characters are introduced. Some of them are not really known until the story is finished, and frequently they are mystery and doubt.

His profession was but a means of activity. When writing his whole heart was in his work, yet he was not so wrapped up in his profession that he was not interested in anything else. He was always surrounded by a large circle of friends and deeply loved by all of them. He made himself very agreeable, and could adapt himself to the manners and customs of those with whom he was thrown. Yet he could make confidants of none of them. His nature was too deep to be shamed; it was necessary to study

the effects he produced, rather than the man himself. He could better tell the world at large his innocent feelings than the friends with whom he held converse. His wife seems to be the only one to whom he could confide everything. Before he met her he cared nothing for the society of any one.

After he became a man of fame his company was sought by people of society. His indifference to it grew less, but it was never wholly overcome. In describing a reception which he attended, he says he felt like some strange insect imprisoned under a tumbler, with a dozen eyes watching whatever he did. He was nervously inclined, but after he became interested in conversation this nervousness passed away. He was not a ready talker but every word was significant.

Hawthorne had a kind, good face which was very expressive. An old grey meeting him at one time said, "Are you a man or an angel?"

In his youth indolence seemed a predominant trait in his character, but in due time this was conquered. He couldn't bear the idea of being told that he was to be a distinguished man.

Lacking the accomplishment of verse Hawthorne is, in the highest sense, a poet. His works are pervaded by a manly personality, yet a feminine delicacy. His language is strictly pure. His high moral tone and purity have a wonderful effect upon those who read his works.

IDIOTIC BRUTES.

Sheep the Biggest Fools of Any Dumb Animals That Walk the Earth.

"No animal that walks on four legs is as big a fool as a sheep," says a sheep-raiser. "We have to watch them every minute, and if vigilance is relaxed for an instant the entire flock is likely to practically commit suicide. In handling most animals some degree of self-help or intelligence can be relied on to aid the owner in saving their lives, but sheep seem to set deliberately to work to kill themselves. If caught in a storm on the plains they will drift before the wind and die of cold and exposure rather than move 100 yards to windward to obtain shelter in their corral. To drive sheep against the wind is absolutely impossible. I once lost over 1,000 head because I could not drive them to a corral not 200 feet away. In the corral they are still more foolish. If a storm comes up they all move down wind until stopped by the fence. Then begins the proceedings so much dreaded by sheepmen, known as 'piling.' The sheep will climb over each other's backs until they are heaped up ten feet high. Of course, all those at the bottom are smothered. Not one has sense enough to seek shelter under the lee of the fence, as a horse or a dog would do. Again, if a sheep gets into a quicksand its fate teaches nothing to those that come immediately after, but the whole flock will follow its leader to destruction. No more exasperatingly stupid brute than a sheep."

A NOVEL METHOD.

A Pacific Coast Race Horse Conditioned for a Long Distance Contest by Swimming.

Bonanza, a horse raised and sold East a few years ago by Theodore Winters, won a big race recently at Sheephead Bay. He is a long distance flyer of the Hocker strain out of Etta O'Neil. Bonanza is very rapid but cannot stand the hard training necessary to put him in condition without his legs giving out. His owner hit upon a novel plan to give him his work and save his legs, and every day the noble animal is taken into the bay at Sheephead and behind a swift sailing craft is swam several miles and in that way his muscles are hardened and he is conditioned for a long distance run without subjecting him to the mussel-triving ordeal of galloping on the hard track.

Good Portraits.

The People's Advocate contains the following:

The Reno GAZETTE of June 11th publishes very good portraits of Hon. Benjamin Currier, G. C.; George A. Parrot, Chas. Conner, John E. Bray, B. F. Leete, W. N. Scott, F. C. Peacock, Abraham, M. Fredrick, H. P. Crockett, F. A. Barnes, J. F. Emmett, J. M. Parker, W. L. Needham, S. T. Taylor, A. B. Shaw, Thos. Tomamichael, E. Trescott, W. F. Everett. So many people make a like the letter which confounds the two offices. Post-master Kraus has sent for the mail.

A Traveler's Observation.

John Sparkes returned yesterday from a trip to Salt Lake, Denver and Ogden. He says that the country he visited while away is dull and every one is complaining of scarcity of money. He says Reno will stand a comparison with any of the cities named in a business point of view. In fact he hears less complaint here than anywhere. Mr. Sparkes says Salt Lake is at least ten years ahead of the surrounding country.

Northern News.

The Alturas New Era contains the following:

J. M. Fulton, Master of Transportation, is here making the acquaintance of our merchants, and told them they could ship all the wheat they wanted to Ames and get \$1.50 per 100 bushels. He says that he is satisfied that this country will have a railroad before long, and expressed himself highly pleased with our resources and surroundings.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Govt Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

BREVITIES.

PERSONALS.

Local and General Intelligence. See 50-cent column for tomato plants for sale.

At 9 o'clock A. M. the depot therometer registered 66 degrees.

George B. Hymer is to be married to Miss Annie Becker on the 30th.

Ground was broken last Monday on the grade of the Pioche & Jackrabbit Railroad.

There were four licensed poker games running at Pioche part of last week. Who says the town is dead?

The Young Ladies Institute will have an entertainment Friday evening at Armory Hall. Everybody invited.

There will be an ice cream social at the residence of Col. Stanley this evening. Good music. Every body invited.

Rye seven feet in height was received last night in Reno from Mason Valley, which grew there this season without irrigation.

Dr. S. Bishop, formerly Superintendent of the Insane Asylum at this place, is now running a livery stable in San Francisco.

The overland travel was very light this morning, and the crew in the dining car were not rushed with orders for dairy breakfasts.

FIFTY CENTS PER WEEK.

Al classes of legitimate advertisements, not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column for fifty cents per week.

Tomato Plants
FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT
at the Pioneer Bakery.
J. A. ZEIGLER.
jezw*

Wanted.
ADVICE TO DO WRITING AT HOME.
Address, with self addressed stamped
envelope, Miss Flora D. Jones, South Bend,
Ind. Proprietor of the Famous "Blush of
Roses."

Beard and Room.
PLEASANT ROOM WITH BOARD AT
reasonable rates. Apply to
MRS. B. E. HUNTER'S, 4th st.
jezw*

Private School
WILL BE OPENED AT THE D. WARD
school room of June 1, and continue
during the summer months. For admission
apply to MISS MARY CLARK,
jezw*

Social and Literary Entertainment.
TO BE GIVEN BY THE YOUNG LADIES
Institute, in Thompson's Hall, Friday
Evening, June 26, 1891. Admission 25 cents;
refreshments 25 cents.

Wanted.
THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, COM-
plete for house-keeping. Inquire at
Coleman's barber shop, on Virginia street.
jezw*

Wanted.
A GOOD GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF A
baby. Inquire at Toronto Restaurant.
E. S. LIMYRE, Prop.
jezw*

Notice.
NEVADA REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE
No. 7, L. O. P. F. give a special
meeting at Masonic Hall, on Sierra, on Tuesday,
June 23, 1891. The public are invited to at-
tend. EMMA B. ADASHAW, N. G.
jezw*

Lost or Stolen.
A BROWN MARE, FIVE YEARS
old, branded W on left shoulder same
on hip. Will pay suitable reward for in-
formation or return her to Perry's Stable,
or address H. Anderson, Reno.
jezw*

Girl Wanted.
A GIRL TO DO CHAMBER WORK CAN
find employment by applying at the
Wm. Tell House on Sierra street.
jezw*

Lost.
A GOLD RING WITH GARNET SET-
ting. Please leave at this office.
jezw*

Stray Colt Found.
CAME TO MY PLACE IN THE POWNING
YEAR. ADDITION, one roan, about four years
old, branded E. C. on left shoulder. Owner
will pay property and pay charges.
jezw*

For Sale.

A MONTAUK CAMERA, THE MOST
perfect instrument in use, it suits all
others in simplicity and beauty. Address
Camera, Gazette Office.
jst

Farmers Attention.
MOWER AND RAKE EXTRAS AT COST,
and a full assortment of Deering knives
and sections at cost at Lange & Schmidt's.
myzjuly

For Sale.

A FIRST-CLASS GROCERY STORE LO-
cated in the center part of town, and
doing a good business. Inquire at this office.
jeff

Agents Wanted.
FOR THE SCHULTZ GERMAN COM-
pany, Company of Whistler, Wisconsin. Wis-
consin. Apply at the residence of Mrs. A. R.
Chambers
myzjuly

Cardboard Signs.
FOR ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT REA-
sonable prices at the GAZETTE Office.

Piano Tuning.
G. WEDEKIND, THE PIANO TUNER,
will attend to any order left at the store
of C. A. Thurston. Get your instrument put
in order.
myzjuly

Fotograf Gallery.
SWISHER & PENDER, SUCCESSORS TO
Rifenberg & Dow, the leading Photo-
graphers of Nevada. All work ever done
done at the same guarantee. Catalogues only
300 per dozen. Call and see samples.
ma66

Choice Residence Property.
FOR SALE, ONE-HALF MILE FROM
the Railroad Depot and one-fourth mile
from the State University. Water with the
property. If you wish to make a home come
and see me. jscz

Rooms For Rent.
A SUIT OF TWO ROOMS FOR RENT,
suitable for a lawyer or doctor. Inquire at
the GAZETTE office.
apaf

Our Family Physician.
A HANDSOMELY BOUND BOOK OF 248
pages, giving symptoms of all diseases
and proposed treatment according to
different schools, will be in demand in
one year. Given away with THE WEEKLY
GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN one year \$2.

Webber - Lake
HOTEL.

FOR SALE.
THIS FAMOUS RESORT WILL BE OPEN
to the public from and after June 5, 1891.
Stages will connect at Truckee with the
morning and evening trains on the West
Tahoe, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Parties from Reno and vicinity, intending
to go by stage from Truckee will have to go
up the night before and remain over night
or telegraph to hold stage awaiting their
arrival.

GEO. B. STYLES. - Proprietor.
myzjuly

ARCADE SALOON.
RENO, NEVADA.

THIS FIRST-CLASS SALOON IS NOW
owned and conducted by the under-
signed, and will be kept supplied with the
finest stock obtainable, and served with close
attention to the wants of its patrons.

The Saloon has been recently fitted
up in modern style, making the

Bar Second to None!
CLEM LEMERY, - Proprietor.

Iron Pipe.

I HAVE A QUANTITY OF SECOND HAND
IRON, 22, 44 and 46 inch, No 12 and 14 iron
pipe made from the best quality of iron for
sale cheap and parties having use will
find it to their advantage to give us a call.

We can afford to sell it cheaper than wooden
fences can be constructed and call the farm-
ers attention to this fact. For further par-
ticulars, address E. H. LEVETT, Susanville,
Cal., or A. Evans, Reno.
Junetomo * LEVETT & EVANS.

Carriages, Wagons, Carts, Etc.

W. J. LUKE CARRIES THE REST
W. class of goods to be found on the
coast.

Agent for Studebaker's Fine Carriages,
which cannot be excelled; agent for Frazer's
Road Carts and Sulkies—the best; also agent
for the U. S. Carriage Co.

The Best Horse-shoeing in Nevada.
W. J. LUKE. 90

MISCELLANEOUS



OVER 120 MILES AN HOUR.

How One May Some Day Travel at Twice
a Locomotive's Speed.

One of the questions most interesting
to electrical engineers to-day is that of
high speed electric traction, and exper-
iment and practice show it to be attain-
able. Two ideas have been borne in
mind. The success of the electric street
railways, of which about 300 are already
in operation in America, and upon
which speed equal to that of ordinary
steam trains has been reached, has sug-
gested that by giving the electric current
its greatest play, enormous speed
may be kept up in traversing long
distances. One of the ideas, therefore,
has been to transport mails and express
matter in this manner, and apparatus
has been devised by which a long front
car has been sucked into and then re-
pelled from each of a series of electric
solenoids, just like a lead pencil being
shot through a succession of rubber or
wooden rings. By this means a very
high rate of speed for the small car has
been attained. But the second and even
more fascinating idea is to hurl electric
passenger cars through the air at such a
rate that a journey between New York
and Chicago would occupy only a few
hours and the result is much nearer
than the public has any notion of.

Now, taking the actual figures yielded
by the experiments already made at
Baltimore, and working out the require-
ments of a service between New York and
Chicago, it has been found that a
double track equipment complete for
1,000 miles, with twenty trains each
way per day, could be put in for \$65,-
000,000, or \$60,000 per mile. The total
operating and maintenance expenses per
train of three cars would be about
\$400, each train going at the rate of 125
miles an hour. The receipts from the
two carrying cars per train would be
\$800, leaving \$100 profit on each of the
40 trains, or \$4,000 per day, which fig-
ures out a fair return on the apparently
big investment named, without any
very wild calculation as to patronage.

The feature of such a service would be
the running of very frequent trains
and the cutting down of the time re-
quired for the trip of 1,000 miles to just
about eight hours. A like service of
500 miles, connecting Boston, New York,
Philadelphia and Washington, would be
more profitable, and it is likely that the first road will be
built with this route in view. This
scheme, just outlined, has been pro-
nounced by the very first electrical
and experts in this country to be en-
tirely feasible and practicable as an
engineering enterprise.

A prominent civil engineer has ex-
pressed the opinion that safety from
derailment at very high speeds would
be best secured by very slightly curving
the line of road just sufficiently to
cause the flanges of the wheels to bear
constantly on one side. With that con-
struction he considers that any possible
speed that could be got from electric
motors, say up to 200 hundred miles an
hour, would be perfectly safe.

THE TEMPORARY FOOL.

He Exists But for a Day and Then Re-
gains His Dignity.

From time immemorial we have been
involving in one way or another to be-
ware of fools. Innumerable quo-
tations are mentioned of answering
one kind of fool according to his folly,
and of refraining to answer another
kind. Yet in spite of the general preju-
dice, says Youth's Companion, there is
a variety of fool which is expected to
mirror most of the Christian virtues.
He is supposed to be absolutely good
natured under ridicule, and never justly
revengive. When attacked, he is ex-
pected to smile with his tormentors,
and join in the general laugh.

Though he be by nature a modest
man, he must bear with equanimity the
cross of finding himself suddenly
dragged into public notice, with the
eyes of a score or more of people turned
on him at once.

He must be self sacrificing, willing to
yield his own dignity for the amusement
of others. If he but resent ill
usage by a word of remonstrance, he
receives contempt as a crusty bear and
a despiser of ancient customs.

This species of fool is born on the
morning of April 1st, and like certain
summer insects has a brief existence of
one day. If his general insensibility to
ridicule, his meekness under abuse and
his unfailing good temper should con-
tinue in the same measure, throughout
the year, one might call him a miracle.
As it usually happens, however, he is
content with a brief exercise of such
virtues, and the temporary title of April
fool.

A POWERFUL CURRENT.

The Greatest Voltage and the Longest
Line in the World.

Mention was made some weeks ago
of a line intended to carry electricity at
twenty-five thousand volts from Lausanne
to Frankfort, a distance of over one
hundred miles. The experiment has
been watched with interest by elec-
tricians on both sides of the ocean, says
the Philadelphia Record, since there
are not wanting those who claim that
the thing cannot be done. The pre-
liminary experiments made over a line
of three miles in length were, it is said,
entirely successful. A current of
thirty-three thousand volts was devel-
oped for the purpose of seeing how
great the tendency would be for the
current to leave the wire for the
ground. To discover this the wire was
cut and the pieces then slowly brought
together, and it was not until the ends
were within less than an inch of each
other that a spark was forced across
the intervening space. An ordinary
safety cut-out, consisting of a ball of
lead, was then placed in the circuit and a
wire was dropped across the current to
imitate the falling of a tree or the
crossing of another wire, when the
lead ball instantly melted with a flash
and an explosion, cutting off the cur-
rent. From the results of the prelim-
inary experiments the projectors of the
new line feel confident of its success.

Weekly Gazette and Stockman,
Argonaut
For Twelve Months with
FOR \$4.50.

Begins with the new year (1892) the *Argonaut*
will publish, as a supplement, with its first issue for each
month, a complete novel by such famous authors as

H. Rider Haggard, Rudyard Kipling,
Robert Louis Stevenson, W. Clark
Russell, William Black, Walter
Besant, B. H. Blackwood, Mrs. Lyall,
"The Duchess," Florence Marryat, Mrs. Alexander,
Miss M. E. Braddon, and others.

Address **WEEKLY GAZETTE AND STOCKMAN,**
Reno, Nevada.

Subscribers to the *Weekly Gazette and Stockman*
and the *Argonaut* will receive the privileges of the
best Clubbing Library in the United States.

By special arrangement with the publishers, and by
concessions in price on both sides, we are enabled to
make a special offer, open to all persons desirous of
obtaining the *Argonaut* at a reduced price.

For those who are not members of the Club, a
subscription to the *Argonaut* will be \$1.00 per month.

For those who are members of the Club, a
subscription to the *Argonaut* will be \$0.50 per month.

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